

Author Guidelines

Submissions:

1. Submitted manuscript is an original work and has never been published or is in the process of publication in other journals;
2. It can be conceptual studies, excerpt of research, or legal thoughts of scholars in the field of Islamic law as well as the analysis of court decisions (case law);
3. It is written in English/ Arabic in accordance with the standard of scientific papers;
4. The length of the manuscript is between 6000 to 7000 words; A4 size paper with 1,15 spacing, using Book Antiqua font and font size 12;
5. The manuscript is submitted through the website of *Justicia Islamica Jurnal Kajian hukum dan sosial* by first logging into the system; or by sending it as an e-mail attachment in the Microsoft word format which is addressed to the editorial board at **justicia@iainponorogo.ac.id**

Style:

1. Submitted manuscript must include title, author name, abstract in English, and keywords;
2. Abstract is written briefly, concisely and clearly, between 200-250 words that reflect: the problem (Issue), theory or supposed condition (Rule), argument or analysis (Argument), and Conclusion;
3. Keywords can be words or phrases, 3 - 5 maximum;
4. The contents consist of following headings: introduction, discussion (heading and sub-headings be adjusted to the need of each manuscript), and conclusions.

Footnotes and References:

1. Justicia Islamica uses *CMS (Chicago Manual Style) 17th referencing style*. The references should be in alphabetical order, Use Book Antiqua (12), 1 spaced. The minimum requirement is 20 references. It should include references obtained from primary sources (consisting of scientific journals amounting to 80% of the entire bibliography) that have been published in the last 10 (ten) years. The remaining 20% may include research articles or research reports (thesis, books, and other relevant publications). It is suggested to apply reference software like *Zotero, Mendeley, or Endnote*.
 - a) Book: Miftahul Huda, *Mengalirkan Manfaat Wakaf* (Jakarta: Gramata Publishing, 2010), 79.
 - b) Journal article: Lukman Santoso, "Religious Liberty in Indonesia and the Rights of 'Deviant' Sects," *Asian Journal of Comparative Law*, 3, No. 1 (2018), 20.
 - c) Book Chapter: Alfitri, "The Organization of Islamic Conference and Its Significance for War against Terrorism," in Abdul Ghafur Hamid (ed.), *International Law in a Globalized World: Voices from Asia* (New Delhi: Serial Pub., 2008), 45.
 - d) Article on the internet: Ahmad Tholabi Kharlie, "The formalization of Islamic Shari'ah, Why Not?" in <http://www.ahmadtholabi.com>, accessed January 17, 2019.
 - e) Conference paper: Alfitri, "The Constitutional Court Decision in Siyasa Shar'iyya Framework: Reviews These Decisions Can be regarded as the Interpretation of Islamic Law in Indonesia?" paper presented in the 14th Annual International Conference on Islamic Studies, organized by IAIN Samarinda and Diktis MORA RI, 21-24 November 2019.
 - f) Repeated citation use only the author's last name, a short title books/articles, and pages. Example: Huda, *Mengalirkan Manfaat*, 79; Santoso, "Religious Liberty," 20;
2. We recommend you to use referencing manager application such as Zotero, Mendeley or Endnote. Template of article can be downloaded an journal website: <https://jurnal.iainponorogo.ac.id/index.php/justicia/index>



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